UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2022

or

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission file number: 001-40932

CYNGN INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

46-2007094

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1015 O'Brien Dr.

Menlo Park, CA 94025 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(650) 924-5905

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, \$0.00001	CYN	NASDAQ Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T ($\S232.405$ of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer	\boxtimes	Smaller reporting company	\times
		Emerging growth company	X

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗵

As of May 11, 2022, the issuer had 30,894,752 shares of common stock, par value \$0.00001 per share, outstanding.

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PART 1 — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CYNGN INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	March 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2021
Assets		
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,331,241	\$ 21,945,981
Restricted cash	5 18,551,241 126,489	5 21,945,981 50,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	509,360	525,304
Total current assets		22,521,285
	18,967,090	22,521,285
Property and equipment, net	308,618	102,787
Right-of-use asset	777,181	102,787
Intangible assets, net	30,050	30,917
Total Assets		
10/01 A5505	\$ 20,082,939	\$ 22,654,989
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities	A	
Accounts payable	\$ 94,688	\$ 112,271
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	172,977	295,156
Operating lease liability, current portion	548,982	
Total current liabilities	816,647	407,427
Operating lease liability, net of current portion	228,742	-
Total liabilities	1,045,389	407,427
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)		
Stockholders' Equity		
Convertible Series A, B and C preferred stock, Par \$0.00001; 10,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding		
as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021	-	-
Common stock, Par \$0.00001; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 27,104,430 and 26,487,680 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively	271	265
Common stock warrants	170,397	170,397
Additional paid-in capital	139,179,451	138,570,430
Accumulated deficit	(120,312,569)	(116,493,530)
Total stockholders' equity	19,037,550	22,247,562
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 20,082,939	\$ 22,654,989

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CYNGN INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	_	2022		2021
Revenue	\$		\$	
Operating expenses:				
Research and development		1,681,145		934,290
General and administrative		2,137,516		615,391
Total operating expenses		3,818,661		1,549,681
Loss from operations		(3,818,661)		(1,549,681)
Other income, net				
Interest expense, net		(379)		(2,142)
Other income		1		-
Total other (expense) income, net		(378)		(2,142)
Net loss	\$	(3,819,039)	\$	(1,551,823)
Net loss per share attributable to ordinary stockholders', basic and diluted	\$	(0.14)	\$	(1.63)
Weighted-average shares used in computing net loss per share attributable to ordinary stockholders', basic and diluted		26,862,227		951,794
weighted-average shares used in computing net loss per share attributable to ordinary stockholders, basic and unded		20,002,227		751,774

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CYNGN INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Convertible P	referr	ed Stock	Commo	on Sto	ock	(Common Stock	Additional Paid in	Accumulated	St	Total ockholders'
	Shares	A	mount	Shares	A	mount	V	Varrants	Capital	Deficit		Equity
Balance as of December 31, 2020	21,982,491	\$	220	951,794	\$	10	\$	_	\$ 114,291,505	\$ (108,694,001)	\$	5,597,734
Stock-based compensation	-		-	-		-		-	7,860	-		7,860
Net loss	-		-	-		-		-	-	(1,551,823)		(1,551,823)
Balance as of March 31, 2021 (unaudited)	21,982,491	\$	220	951,794	\$	10	\$	_	\$ 114,299,365	\$ (110,245,824)	\$	4,053,771
	Convertible P			Commo		-		Common Stock	Additional Paid in	Accumulated	St	Total ockholders'
	Shares	A	mount	Shares	A	mount	<u> </u>	Varrants	Capital	Deficit		Equity
Balance as of December 31, 2021	-	\$	-	26,487,680	\$	265	\$	170,397	\$ 138,570,430	\$ (116,493,530)	\$	22,247,562
Exercise of stock options	-		-	616,750		6		-	88,879	-		88,885
Stock-based compensation	-		-	-		-		-	520,142	-		520,142
Net loss			-			-	_	-		(3,819,039)	_	(3,819,039)
Balance as of March 31, 2022 (unaudited)		\$	-	27,104,430	\$	271	\$	170,397	<u>\$ 139,179,451</u>	<u>\$ (120,312,569)</u>	\$	19,037,550

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CYNGN INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

Zold20222021Cash flows from operating activities\$ (3,819,039)\$ (1,551,823)Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:69,05422,909Stock-based compensation520,1427,860Changes in operating assets and liabilities:72,436Prepaid expense, operating lase right-of-use assets, and other current assets(808,350)(1,897)Accounts payable(17,583)(72,436)Accounts payable(17,583)(72,436)Accounts payable(116,049)(116,049)Net cash used in operating activities(3,400,230)(1,711,436)Purchase of property and equipment(226,906)(1,703)Net cash used in investing activities88,885-Proceeds from note payable-899,790Cash flows from financing activities88,885-Proceeds from note payable-899,790Net cash used in investing activities88,885-Proceeds from note payable-899,790Cash flows from financing activities88,885899,790Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash(3,538,251)(813,349)Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash(3,538,251)(813,349)Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash, ed of previd\$ 18,457,730\$ 5,642,841Supplemental disclosure of cash flow:-\$ 5-Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash, ed of period\$ 18,457,730\$ 5,642,841Supplemental disclosu		Three Months Ended March 31,		
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Net loss \$ (3,819,039) \$ (1,551,823) Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities: 69,054 22,099 Stock-based compensation 520,142 7,860 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: 7860 Prepaid expense, operating lease right-of-use assets, and other current assets (808,350) (1,897) Accounts payable 655,546 (116,049) Accrued expenses, lease liabilities 655,546 (116,049) Net cash used in operating activities (226,906) (1,711,436) Cash flows from investing activities (226,906) (1,703) Purchase of property and equipment (226,906) (1,703) Net cash used in investing activities 88,885 - Proceeds from note payable - 899,790 Net cash provided by financing activities 88,885 - Proceeds from note payable - 899,790 Net dese provided by financing activities 88,885 - Proceeds from note payable - 899,790 Net cash provided by financing activities 88,885 - Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	Cash flows from operating activities			
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Supplemental disclosure of cash flow: Cash paid during the period for interest and taxes \$ - \$ Supplemental disclosure of non-cash activities Initial recognition of operating lease right-of-use assets and operating lease liabilities \$ 824,292 \$ 824,292	Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$ 18,457,730	\$	5,642,841
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Supplemental disclosure of non-cash activities Initial recognition of operating lease right-of-use assets and operating lease liabilities \$ 824,292		\$ -	\$	-
Initial recognition of operating lease right-of-use assets and operating lease liabilities \$ 824,292 \$ -				
	Supplemental disclosure of non-cash activities			
Change in deferred rent associated with ASC 842 58,676 -		\$ 824,292	\$	-
	Change in deferred rent associated with ASC 842	58,676		-

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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CYNGN INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

1. Description of Business

CYNGN Inc., together with its subsidiaries (collectively, "Cyngn" or the "Company") was incorporated in Delaware in 2013. Cyngn Singapore PTE. LTD., a Singaporean limited company organized in 2015 and Cyngn Philippines, Inc., a Philippines corporation incorporated in 2018 are wholly owned subsidiaries. The Company is headquartered in Menlo Park, CA. Cyngn develops autonomous driving software that can be deployed on multiple vehicle types in various environments. The Company has been operating autonomous vehicles ("AV") in production environments. Built and tested in difficult and diverse real-world environments, the self-driving system (DriveMod), fleet management system, and Software Development Kit combine to create a full-stack advanced autonomy solution designed to be modular, extendable, and safe. The Company operates one business segment.

Initial Public Offering

On October 22, 2021, the Company closed its initial public offering (the "IPO") of 3,500,000 shares of its authorized common stock at an offering price of \$7.50 per share. Simultaneously with the closing of the IPO, the common stock began trading on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol "CYN." The IPO generated net proceeds of \$23.3 million after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and offering expenses. The Company also granted its underwriters the election to exercise a 45-day over-allotment option to purchase an additional 525,000 shares of common stock at the IPO offering price, less underwriting discounts.

Simultaneous with the closing of its IPO, the Company also issued 140,000 warrants (the "Purchase Warrant") to the underwriters. Each Purchase Warrant entitles its holder the option to purchase at a future exercise date, one share of common stock at an initial exercise price of \$9.375 per share, subject to certain adjustments and restrictions relating to subsequent resale and transfers.

At the completion of the IPO, all shares of the Company's outstanding redeemable convertible preferred stock automatically converted to shares of common stock (see Note 7. Capital Structure).

Immediately after the IPO, the Company filed an amended and restated certificate of incorporation, which became effective on October 22, 2021. The amended and restated certificate of incorporation authorized 110,000,000 shares consisting of 100,000,000 shares of common stock, at a par value of \$0.00001, and 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock at a par value of \$0.00001. The rights of the holders of common stock are subject to and qualified by rights of the holders of the preferred stock.

Liquidity

The Company has incurred losses from operations since inception. The Company incurred net losses of \$3.8 million and \$1.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Accumulated deficit amounted to \$120.3 million and \$116.5 million as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. Net cash used in operating activities was \$3.4 million and \$1.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The Company's liquidity is based on its ability to enhance its operating cash flow position, obtain capital financing from equity interest investors and borrow funds to fund its general operations, research and development activities and capital expenditures. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on management's ability to successfully execute its business plan, which includes increasing revenue while controlling operating costs and expenses to generate positive operating cash flows and obtaining funds from outside sources of financing to generate positive financing cash flows. As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company's unrestricted balance of cash and cash equivalents was \$18.3 million and \$21.9 million, respectively.

Based on cash flow projections from operating and financing activities and existing balance of cash and cash equivalents, management is of the opinion that the Company has sufficient funds for sustainable operations and it will be able to meet its payment obligations from operations and debt related commitments for at least one year from the issuance date of these financial statements. Based on the above considerations, the Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities during the normal course of operations.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") and pursuant to applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2021, and 2020, which was filed with the SEC on March 24, 2022.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a consistent basis with the audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2021, and 2020, and include all adjustments, consisting of only normal recurring adjustments, necessary to fairly state the information set forth herein.

The results reported for the interim period presented are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for any subsequent quarter or for the full year December 31, 2022.

Principles of Consolidation

The unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the balance sheet date, as well as reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The Company's significant estimates and judgments include but are not limited to share-based compensation. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions believed to be reasonable, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents. The Company's cash is placed with high-credit-quality financial institutions and at times exceeds federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any credit loss relating to its cash equivalents.

Concentration of Supplier Risk

The Company is not currently in the production stage and generally utilizes suppliers for outside development and engineering support. The Company does not believe that there is any significant supplier concentration risk as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021.



Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a remaining maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Additionally, the Company considers investments in money market funds with a floating net asset value to be cash equivalents. As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company had \$18.3 million and \$21.9 million of unrestricted cash and cash equivalents.

In addition, the Company had \$126,489 and \$50,000 in restricted cash as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, which is reported separately as current assets on the consolidated balance sheet. The Company's restricted cash consists of cash not available for immediate use that the Company is obligated to maintain in accordance with the terms of its credit card spending arrangement and a letter of credit for its lease agreement.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash to amounts shown in the consolidated statements of cash flows:

	 Marc	ch 31	,
	2022		2021
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,331,241	\$	5,242,841
Restricted cash	126,489		400,000
Total Cash and cash equivalents and Restricted cash	\$ 18,457,730	\$	5,642,841

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The accounting guidance defines fair value, establishes a consistent framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosure for each major asset and liability category measured at fair value on either a recurring or nonrecurring basis. Fair value is defined as an exit price representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The carrying amounts of cash equivalents, and accounts payable are reasonable estimates of their fair values due to the short-term nature of these accounts. The fair values of the Company's share-based compensation and underwriter warrants were based on observable inputs and assumptions used in Black-Scholes valuation models derived from independent external valuations.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Repair and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over each asset's estimated useful life.

Property and Equipment	Useful life
Machinery and equipment	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Leasehold improvements	Shorter of 3 years or lease term
Automobile	5 years

Costs related to construction activities include additions or betterments to existing property and equipment and leased facilities are accumulated during the acquisition and construction period. Costs are transferred to completed property and equipment no later than six months from the date the asset is placed in service. Depreciation commences from the date the asset is placed in service. The placed in service date is determined at the discretion of the department head with responsibility for construction activities.

Leases

The Company accounts for leases in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 842 ("ASC 842"). All contracts are evaluated to determine whether or not they represent a lease. A lease conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Leases are classified as finance or operating in accordance with the guidance in ASC 842. The Company does not hold any finance leases. The Company recognized a "right-of-use" asset and lease liability in the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2022 under ASC 842 on the office space lease that was amended and renewed in February 2022. On a prospective basis, lease expense will be recognized on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the lease. Operating leases are recognized on the balance sheet as right-of-use assets, and operating lease liabilities.

Upon adoption of ASC 842, the Company elected the "package of practical expedients" which allowed it to not reassess: (a) whether expired or existing other contracts are or contain leases, (b) the lease classification for any expired or existing leases, and (c) the treatment of initial direct costs relating to any existing leases as of March 31, 2022. The package of practical expedients was made as a single election and was applied to the lease renewed in February 2022.

Upon adoption of ASC 842, the Company also elected the practical expedient to not separate non-lease components, such as common area maintenance, from associated lease components for our ground and office space leases (see Note 4. Leases).

Long-Lived Assets and Finite Lived Intangibles

The Company has finite lived intangible assets consisting of patents and trademarks. These assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated remaining economic lives. The patents and trademarks are amortized over 15 years.

The Company reviews its long-lived assets and finite lived intangibles for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The events and circumstances the Company monitors and considers include significant decreases in the market price of similar assets, significant adverse changes to the extent and manner in which the asset is used, an adverse change in legal factors or business climate, an accumulation of costs that exceed the estimated cost to acquire or develop a similar asset, and continuing losses that exceed forecasted costs. The Company assesses the recoverability of these assets by comparing the carrying amount of such assets or asset group to the future undiscounted cash flow it expects the asset is expected to generate. The Company recognizes an impairment loss if the sum of the expected long-term undiscounted cash flows that the long-lived asset is expected to generate is less than the carrying amount of the long-lived asset being evaluated. An impairment charge would then be recognized equal to the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the fair value of the asset.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability method, under which deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the expected future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis.

A valuation allowance is provided when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of a deferred tax asset will not be realized. Due to the Company's lack of earnings history, the net deferred tax assets have been fully offset by a valuation allowance as of and March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (see Note 11. Income Taxes).

There are no uncertain tax positions that would require recognition in the financial statements. If the Company were to incur an income tax liability in the future, interest on any income tax liability would be reported as interest expense and penalties on any income tax would be reported as income taxes. Management's conclusions regarding uncertain tax positions may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based upon ongoing analysis of or changes in tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof as well as other factors.

Net Loss Per Share Attributable to Ordinary Stockholders

The Company computes loss per share attributable to ordinary stockholders by dividing net loss attributable to ordinary stockholders by the weightedaverage number of ordinary shares outstanding. Diluted net loss per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue shares were exercised into shares. In calculating diluted net loss per share, the numerator is adjusted for the change in the fair value of the shares (only if dilutive) and the denominator is increased to include the number of potentially dilutive common shares assumed to be outstanding (see Note 8. Net Loss per Share Attributable to Common Stockholders).

Revenue Recognition

The Company has not generated any revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

Recent Accounting Standards

There were no significant updates to the recently issued accounting standards. Although there are several other new accounting standards issued or proposed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"), the Company does not believe any of those accounting standards have had or will have a material impact on its financial position or operating results.

3. Balance Sheet Components

Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment is comprised of the following:

	· · ·	naudited) Iarch 31, 2022	De	cember 31, 2021
Automobiles	\$	288,430	\$	279,617
Furniture and fixtures		138,483		133,102
Computer and Equipment		184,482		76,048
Construction work in progress		104,279		-
Property and equipment, gross		715,674		488,767
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		(407,056)		(385,980)
Total property and equipment, net	\$	308,618	\$	102,787

Depreciation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$21,075 and \$22,042, respectively.

Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities are comprised of the following:

	(Uı	(Unaudited)				
	Μ	arch 31,	Dec	ember 31,		
		2022		2021		
Credit card payable	\$	1,829	\$	11,678		
Accrued expenses		124,214		82,478		
Accrued payroll		46,934		201,000		
Total accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$	172,977	\$	295,156		

On March 27, 2020, the United States Congress passed the Coronavirus, Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (the "CARES Act") in response to the economic impact of the coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic in the United States (see Note 13. Risks and Uncertainties). Section 2302 of the CARES Act allowed employers to defer the deposit and payment of the employer's share of social security taxes that were otherwise required to be deposited between March 27 and December 31, 2020, and to pay the deferred taxes in two installments — with the first half due on December 31, 2021, and the remainder by December 31, 2022. As of December 31, 2021, the Company remitted \$67,958 in social security taxes due that were deferred between May 1 and December 31, 2020. The remaining \$67,958 is expected to be paid prior to December 31, 2022.

Section 2301 of the CARES Act also provided refundable employee retention credits (the "ERC") against certain employment taxes. The Company is currently evaluating its eligibility to claim the ERC and the impact of the credits on its consolidated statement of operations.

4. Leases

The Company leases its office space in Menlo Park, California, under a lease agreement which expired in February 2022 and was subsequently renewed and amended for an 18 month term that expires in August 2023. Monthly payments are approximately \$47,000. The lease includes non-lease components (i.e. common area maintenance costs) that are paid separately from rent based on actual costs incurred.

The Company's future lease payments under non-cancellable leases as of March 31, 2022 are as follows, which are presented as lease liabilities on the Company's consolidated balance sheet:

Period	Operating Leas	
Remainder of 2022	\$	419,115
2023		382,326
Total lease payments		801,441
Less: imputed interest		(23,717)
Present value of lease liabilities	\$	777,724
Operating lease liability, current	\$	548,982
Operating lease liability, net of current portion		228,742
Total operating lease liabilities	\$	777,724
Weighted-average remaining lease term (in years)		1.42
Weighted-average discount rate		2.96%

Lease expense under the Company's operating lease was \$78,099 and \$39,595 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The amortization of the operating lease right-of-use assets for the three-month period ended March 31, 2022 was \$47,112.

5. Intangible Assets, Net

The gross carrying amount and accumulated amortization of separately identifiable intangible assets are as follows:

		As of March 31, 2022						
		Gross						
	С	Carrying Amount		. 0				
	A			Amortization		Amount		
Patent	\$	7,000	\$	(4,200)	\$	2,800		
Trademark		45,000		(17,750)		27,250		
Total intangible assets	\$	52,000	\$	(21,950)	\$	30,050		

		As of December 31, 2021				
	-	Gross Carrying Accumulated Amount Amortization		Net Carrying Amount		
Patent	\$	7,000	\$ (4,083)	\$ 2,917		
Trademark		45,000	(17,000)	28,000		
Total intangible assets	\$	52,000	\$ (21,083)	\$ 30,917		

Amortization expense for each of the three months ended March 31, 2022, and 2021 was \$867.

Estimated amortization expense for all intangible assets subject to amortization in future years as of March 31, 2022 is expected to be:

Years Ending December 31,	Amortization	
Remainder of 2022	\$	2,600
2023		3,467
2024		3,467
2025		3,467
2026		3,467
Thereafter		13,582
Total	\$	30,050

6. Debt

Payroll Protection Program Note

In April 2020, the Company entered into a Note with JPMorgan Chase (the "Lender") under the U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA") Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP") established under Section 1102 of the CARES Act, pursuant to which the Company borrowed \$695,078 (the "Note"). The Note accrues interest at a rate of 0.98% per annum and matures in 24 months from the date of the Note. The Note may be repaid at any time with no prepayment penalty. All of the funds received under the PPP had been used for qualified purposes. The Company applied for forgiveness of the Note in accordance with PPP guidelines, and in October, 2021, received approval of the forgiveness application. As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, there was no outstanding balance for the Note.

In February 2021, the Company entered into a second Note (the "PPP2 Note") with the Lender, pursuant to which the Lender agreed to make a loan to the Company under the PPP offered by the SBA in a principal amount of \$892,115 pursuant to Title 1 of the CARES Act. The PPP2 Note matures in five years with interest accruing at 0.98% per annum. Proceeds of the PPP2 Note are available to be used to pay for payroll costs, including salaries, commissions, and similar compensation, group health care benefits, and paid leaves; rent; utilities; and interest on certain other outstanding debt. All of the funds received under the PPP2 Note were used for qualified purposes during 2021. The Company applied for forgiveness of the loan in accordance with PPP guidelines, and in November, 2021, received approval of the forgiveness application. As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, there was no outstanding balance for the PPP2 Note.

7. Capital Structure

Common Stock

As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company is authorized to issue 100,000,000 shares of common stock with a par value of \$0.00001 per share. As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company had 27,094,430 and 26,487,680 shares of common stock issued and outstanding, respectively. Holders of common stock have no preemptive, conversion or subscription rights and there is no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the common stock. The rights, preferences and privileges of the holders of common stock are subject to, and may be adversely affected by, the rights of the holders of shares of any series of preferred stock that the Company may designate in the future.

Convertible Preferred Stock

In October 2021, the Company amended its Certificate of Incorporation and revised the number of preferred stock shares authorized for issuance to 10,000,000 shares at a par value of \$0.00001. As of March 31, 2022, there were no shares issued and outstanding against these shares.

Conversion

The Company's convertible preferred stock shares that were outstanding at the completion of the IPO on October 20, 2021 automatically converted to shares of common stock on a 1:1 basis. As of March 31, 2021 and prior to the completion of the IPO, the Company was authorized to issue up to 21,982,491 shares of preferred stock at a par value of \$0.00001.

The authorized, issued and outstanding shares of the convertible preferred stock and liquidation preferences prior to the IPO were as follows:

	Shares	Shares Issued and	Per Share Liquidation	Aggregate Liquidation	Gross
Series	Authorized	Outstanding	Preference	Amount	Proceeds
Series A	10,157,843	10,157,843	0.6842	6,949,996	6,949,996
Series B	6,567,670	6,567,670	3.3939	22,290,015	22,290,015
Series C	5,256,978	5,256,978	15.7933	83,025,031	83,025,031
	21,982,491	21,982,491		112,265,042	112,265,042

Dividends

The holders of preferred stock are entitled to receive dividends, when and if declared by the Company's Board of Directors, out of any legally available funds. The holders of preferred stock are entitled to receive dividends, prior and in preference to dividends declared on common stock, at the rate of: Series A - 0.0411 per share per annum; Series B - 0.2036 per share per annum; and Series C - 0.9476 per share per annum. Dividends are non-cumulative and will be paid pro rata, on an equal priority, pari passu basis. After payment of preferred stock dividends, any additional dividends will be paid ratably among holders of common stock and preferred stock on an as converted to Common Stock basis. As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, no dividends have been declared.

Voting

The holder of each share of Preferred Stock is entitled to voting rights equal to the number of shares of common stock.

Preferred stockholders shall cast the number of votes equal to the number of whole shares of common stock into which the shares of Preferred Stock held by such holder are convertible. So long as any shares of Series A Preferred Stock remain outstanding, the holders of the Series A Preferred Stock, voting as a separate class, are entitled to elect one director of the Company. So long as any shares of Series B Preferred Stock remain outstanding, the holders of the Series C Preferred Stock, voting as a separate class, are entitled to elect one director of the Company. So long as any shares of Series C Preferred Stock remain outstanding, the holders of the Series C Preferred Stock, voting as a separate class, are entitled to elect one director of the Company. The holders of Common Stock, voting as a separate class, are entitled to elect two directors of the Company. The holders of Preferred Stock and Common Stock, on an as converted to basis, are entitled to elect any remaining members to the Board of Directors.

Liquidation

In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, either voluntary or involuntary, the holders of preferred stock on a pari passu basis, are entitled to receive, prior to and in preference over holders of common stock, an amount equal to the original issuance price—Series A - 0.6842 per share; Series B - 3.3939 per share; and Series C - 15.7933 per share. 2) If the assets of the Company available for distribution to its stockholders shall be insufficient to pay the holders of the shares of Preferred Stock the full amount to which they are entitled, the holders of shares of Preferred Stock shall share ratably in any distribution of the assets available for distribution in proportion to the respective amount which would otherwise be payable in respect to the share of Preferred Stock held by them upon such distribution if all amounts payable on or with respect to such shares were paid in full.

8. Net Loss Per Share Attributable to Common Stockholders

The following table summarizes the computation of basic and diluted loss per share:

		Three months Ended March 31,		
	2022	2021		
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$ (3,819,039)	\$ (1,551,823)		
Basic and diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	26,862,227	951,794		
Loss per share:				
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.14)	\$ (1.63)		

Basic loss per share is based upon the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted loss per share would include the effect of unvested restricted stock awards and the convertible preferred Stock; however, such items were not considered in the calculation of the diluted weighted average common shares outstanding since they would be anti-dilutive.

Common stock reserved for future issuance, on an as-if converted basis, are shown below as of:

	March	1 31,
	2022	2021
Issuance of options under stock option plan	9,250,569	5,973,366
Shares available for future stock option grants	9,392,571	10,827,940
Common shares issuable upon conversion of preferred stock	-	21,982,491
Total	18,643,140	38,783,797

9. Stock-based Compensation Expense

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company measures employee and director stock-based compensation awards based on the award's estimated fair value on the date of grant. Expense associated with these awards is recognized using the straight-line attribution method over the requisite service period for stock options, RSUs and restricted stock, and is reported in our consolidated statements of comprehensive loss.



The fair value of our stock options is estimated, using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The resulting fair value is recognized on a straight-line basis over the period during which an employee is required to provide service in exchange for the award. The Company has elected to recognize forfeitures as they occur. Stock options generally vest over four years and have a contractual term of ten years.

Determining the grant date fair value of options requires management to make assumptions and judgments. These estimates involve inherent uncertainties and if different assumptions had been used, stock-based compensation expense could have been materially different from the amounts recorded.

The assumptions and estimates for valuing stock options are as follows:

- Fair value per share of Company's common stock. Because there was no public market for Cyngn's common stock prior to the IPO, our Board of Directors, with the assistance of a third-party valuation specialist, determined the common stock fair value at the time of the grant of stock options by considering a number of objective and subjective factors, including our actual operating and financial performance, market conditions and performance of comparable publicly traded companies, developments and milestones in the company, and the likelihood of achieving a liquidity event among other factors. Since our common stock began publicly trading on the NASDAQ, the value of our common stock underlying stock options has been valued based on prevailing market prices.
- *Expected volatility*. Because our common stock had no publicly traded history prior to the IPO, we estimated the expected volatility using our own stock price volatility to the extent applicable or a combination of our stock price volatility and the stock price volatility of peer companies, for a period equal to the expected term of the options.
- *Expected term.* The expected term of employee stock options represents the weighted-average period that the stock options are expected to remain outstanding. We estimate the expected term of options granted based upon the "simplified method" provided under *Staff Accounting Bulletin, Topic 14*, or SAB Topic 14.
- *Risk-free interest rate.* The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect during the period the options were granted corresponding to the expected term of the awards.
- *Estimated dividend yield*. The estimated dividend yield is zero, as the Company does not currently intend to declare dividends in the foreseeable future.

Equity Incentive Plans

In February 2013, the Board of Directors adopted the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan ("2013 Plan"). The 2013 Plan authorizes the award of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, stock appreciation rights, RSUs, performance awards, and other stock or cash awards.

In October 2021, our Board of Directors adopted the Cyngn Inc. 2021 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2021 Plan"). Our 2021 Plan replaces our 2013 Plan. However, awards outstanding under our 2013 Plan will continue to be governed by their existing terms.

As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, approximately 9,392,571 and 10,502,696 shares of common stock were reserved and available for issuance under the 2021 Plan and 2013 Plan, respectively.

Options issued under the Plan generally vest based on continuous service provided by the option holder over a four-year period. Compensation expense related to these options is recognized on a straight-line basis over the four-year period based upon the fair value at the grant date.

The following table summarizes information about the Company's stock options outstanding as well as stock options vested and exercisable as of March 31, 2022, and activity during the three months then ended:

	Shares	Weighted- average exercise price	Weighted- average remaining contractual term (years)	Aggregate intrinsic value
Outstanding as of December 31, 2021	8,769,694	\$ 1.20	7.15	\$ 15,746,916
Granted	1,139,500	1.45	-	
Exercised	(616,750)	0.14	-	880,550
Cancelled/forfeited	(41,875)	2.88	-	
Outstanding as of March 31, 2022	9,250,569	\$ 1.29	7.38	\$ 6,703,990
Vested and expected to vest at March 31, 2022	9,250,569	\$ 1.29	7.38	\$ 6,703,990
Vested and exercisable at March 31, 2022	5,187,221	\$ 0.30	5.79	\$ 6,493,460

The fair value of a stock option is estimated using an option-pricing model that takes into account as of the grant date the exercise price and expected life of the option, the current price of the underlying stock and its expected volatility, expected dividends on the stock, and the risk-free interest rate for the expected term of the option. The Company has used the simplified method in calculating the expected term of all option grants based on the vesting period and contractual term. Compensation costs related to share-based payment transactions are recognized in the financial statements upon satisfaction of the requisite service or vesting requirements.

The weighted average per share grant-date fair value of options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$0.57 and \$0, respectively.

The following weighted average assumptions were used in estimating the grant date fair values during the:

	 Three Months Ended March 31,			
	 2022	021		
Fair value of common stock	\$ 1.45	\$	-	
Expected term (in years)	6.05		-	
Risk-free rate	2.39%		-%	
Expected volatility	36.15%		-%	
Dividend yield	0%		0%	

During the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, we recorded stock-based compensation expense from stock options of approximately \$520,142 and \$7,860, respectively.

As of March 31, 2022, total unrecognized stock-based compensation cost related to outstanding unvested stock options that are expected to vest was \$7,053,547. This unrecognized stock-based compensation cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately 4.3 years.

10. Retirement Savings Plan

Effective November 17, 2017, the Company established the Cyngn Inc. 401(k) Plan for the exclusive benefit of all eligible employees and their beneficiaries with the intention to provide a measure of retirement security for the future. This plan is subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) and qualifies under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Cyngn, Inc. did not offer and has not provided a company match for its 401(k) Plan.

11. Income Taxes

For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company recorded income tax expense of \$0. The effective tax rate is 0% for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

For financial reporting purposes, the Company's effective tax rate used for the interim periods is based on the estimated full-year income tax rate. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, the Company's effective tax rate differs from the statutory rate, primarily due to a valuation allowance recorded against the net deferred tax asset balance.

On March 27, 2020, the CARES Act was enacted in response to market conditions related to the COVID-19 pandemic. The CARES Act includes many measures to help companies, including changes that are temporary and non-income based tax laws, some of which were part of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act. One provision of the CARES Act increases the tax deduction for net operating losses from 80% to 100% for 2018 through 2020 and allows net operating losses generated in 2018 through 2020 to be carried back up to five years. The Company has made reasonable assessments in accounting for certain effects of the CARES Act that was passed. However, the provisional impacts may be refined over the prescribed measurement period.

Currently, the Company is not under examination by any taxing authority.

12. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

The Company is subject to legal and regulatory actions that arise from time to time. The assessment as to whether a loss is probable or reasonably possible, and as to whether such loss or a range of such loss is estimable, often involves significant judgment about future events, and the outcome of litigation is inherently uncertain. There is no material pending or threatened litigation against the Company that remains outstanding as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

13. Risks and Uncertainties

COVID-19

A novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) was first identified in December 2019, and subsequently declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. While Cyngn's business has experienced limited disruption due to this pandemic, our leadership team continues to focus on the highest level of safety measures to protect our employees. The Company is aware COVID-19 continues to present significant uncertainty in the future economic outlook for our customers and the markets we serve.

14. Subsequent Events

The Company evaluated subsequent events and transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date up to the date of the financial statements were issued.

On April 28, 2022, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with certain accredited and institutional investors for a private placement offering ("Private Placement") of the Company's common stock (the "Common Stock") or pre-funded warrants (the "Pre-Funded Warrants") and warrants exercisable for Common Stock (the "Common Warrants"). Pursuant to the Purchase Agreement, the Company sold (i) 3,790,322 shares of its Common Stock together with Common Warrants to purchase up to 3,790,322 shares of Common Stock, and (ii) 2,661,291 Pre-Funded Warrants with each Pre-Funded Warrant exercisable for one share of Common Stock, together with Common Warrants to purchase up to 2,661,291 shares of Common Stock.

The Pre-Funded Warrants are immediately exercisable, at a nominal exercise price of \$0.001, and may be exercised at any time until all of the Pre-Funded Warrants are exercised in full. Each share of Common Stock and accompanying Common Warrant were sold together at a combined offering price of \$3.10, and each Pre-Funded Warrant and accompanying Common Warrant were sold together at a combined offering price of \$3.09.

The Common Warrants have an exercise price of \$2.98 per share (subject to adjustment as set forth in the warrant), are exercisable upon issuance and will expire five years from the date of issuance. The Common Warrants contain standard adjustments to the exercise price including for stock splits, stock dividend, rights offerings and pro rata distributions.

The Private Placement closed on April 29, 2022. The Company received gross proceeds of approximately \$20 million before deducting transaction related expenses payable by the Company. All qualified legal, accounting, registration and other direct costs related to the Private Placement will be offset against the gross proceeds. The Company intends to use the net proceeds to fund its cash needs.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The objective of this Management's Discussion and Analysis is to allow investors to view the Company from management's perspective, considering items that would have a material impact on future operations. The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 (the "Form 10-K"), which we filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on March 24, 2022. The information in this discussion contains forward-looking statements and information within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, which are subject to the "safe harbor" created by those sections. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements concerning our strategy, future operations, future financial position, future revenues, projected costs, prospects and plans and objectives of management. The words "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "may," "plans," "projects," "will," "would" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. We may not actually achieve the plans, intentions, or expectations disclosed in our forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results or differ materially from the plans, intentions and expectations disclosed in the forward-looking statements are applicable only as of the date on which they are made, and we do not assume any obligation to update any forward-looking statements are applicable only as of the date on which they are made, and we do not assume any obligation to update any forward-looking st

Unless the context requires otherwise, references in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to "we," "us," and "our" refer to Cyngn Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Overview

We are an autonomous vehicle (AV) technology company that is focused on addressing industrial uses for autonomous vehicles. We believe that technological innovation is needed to enable adoption of autonomous industrial vehicles that will address the substantial industry challenges that exist today. These challenges include labor shortages, lagging technological advancements from incumbent vehicle manufacturers, and high upfront investment commitment.

Industrial sites are typically rigid environments with consistent standards as opposed to city streets that have more variable environmental and situational conditions and diverse regulations. These differences in operational design domains (ODD) will be major factors that make proliferation of industrial AVs in private settings achievable with less time and resources than AVs on public roadways. Namely, safety and infrastructure challenges are cited as roadblocks that have delayed AVs from operating on public roadways at scale. Our focus on industrial AVs simplifies these challenges because industrial facilities (especially those belonging to a single end customer that operates similarly at different sites) share much more in common than different cities do. Furthermore, our end customers own their infrastructure and can make changes more easily than governments can on public roadways.

With these challenges in mind, we are developing an EAS that leverages advanced in-vehicle autonomous driving technology and incorporates leading supporting technologies like data analytics, fleet management, cloud, and connectivity. EAS provides a differentiated solution that we believe will drive pervasive proliferation of industrial autonomy and create value for customers at every stage of their journey towards full automation and the adoption of Industry 4.0.

EAS is a suite of technologies and tools that we divide into three complementary categories:

- 1. DriveMod, our modular industrial vehicle autonomous driving software;
- 2. Cyngn Insight, our customer-facing tool suite for monitoring and managing AV fleets (including remotely operating vehicles) and generating/aggregating/analyzing data (including the Infinitracker asset tracker and IoT gateway device); and
- 3. *Cyngn Evolve*, our internal tool suite and infrastructure that facilitates artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning (ML) training to continuously enhance our algorithms and models and provides a simulation framework (both record/rerun and synthetic scenario creation) to ensure that data collected in the field can be applied to validating new releases.

Legacy automation providers manufacture specialized industrial vehicles with integrated robotics software for rigid tasks, limiting automation to narrow uses. Unlike these specialized vehicles, EAS can be compatible with the existing vehicle assets in addition to new vehicles that have been purpose built for autonomy by vehicle manufacturers. EAS is operationally expansive, vehicle agnostic, and compatible with indoor and outdoor environments. By offering flexible autonomous services, we aim to remove barriers to industry adoption.

We understand that scaling of autonomy solutions will require an ecosystem made up of different technologies and services that are enablers for AVs. Our approach is to forge strategic collaborations with complementary technology providers that accelerate AV development and deployment, provide access to new markets, and create new capabilities. Our focus on designing DriveMod to be modular will combine with our experience deploying AV technology on diverse industrial vehicle form factors, which will be difficult for competitors to replicate.

We expect our technology to generate revenue through two main methods: deployment and EAS subscriptions. Deploying our EAS requires us and our integration partners to work with a new client to map the job site, gather data, and install our AV technology within their fleet and site. We anticipate that new deployments will yield project-based revenues based on the scope of the deployment. After deployment, we expect to generate revenues by offering EAS through a Software as a Service (SaaS) model, which can be considered the AV software component of Robotics as a Service (RaaS). Although we have not offered, and have no present intention to offer, the robotic assets ourselves directly to the end customer, our software can be part of a combined offering with third parties, such as an OEM.

RaaS is a subscription model that allows customers to use robots/vehicles without purchasing the hardware assets upfront. We will seek to achieve sustained revenue growth largely from ongoing SaaS-style EAS subscriptions that enable companies to tap into our ever-expanding suite of AV and AI capabilities as organizations transition into full industrial autonomy.

Although EAS is not yet commercially available and both the components and the combined solution are still under development, components of EAS have already been used for a paid customer trial and pilot deployments. We have not yet derived any recurring revenues from EAS and intend to start marketing EAS to customers in 2022. We expect EAS to continually be developed and enhanced according to evolving customer needs, which will take place concurrently while other completed features of EAS are commercialized. We expect annual R&D expenditures in the foreseeable future to equal or exceed that of 2020 and 2021. We also expect that limited paid pilot deployments in 2022 and 2023 will offset some of the ongoing R&D costs of continually developing EAS. We target scaled deployments to begin in 2024.

Our go-to-market strategy is to acquire new customers that use industrial vehicles in their mission-critical and daily operations by (a) leveraging the relationships and existing customers of our network of strategic partners, (b) bringing AV capabilities to industrial vehicles as a software service provider, and (c) executing a robust in-house sales and marketing effort to nurture a pipeline of industrial organizations. Our focus is on acquiring new customers who are either looking (a) to embed our technology into their vehicle product roadmaps or (b) to apply autonomy to existing fleets with our vehicle retrofits. In turn, our customers are any organizations that could utilize our EAS solution, including OEMs that supply industrial vehicles, end customers that operate their own industrial vehicles, or service providers that operate industrial vehicles for end customers.

As OEMs and leading industrial vehicle users seek to increase productivity, reinforce safer working environments, and scale their operations, we believe we are uniquely positioned to deliver a dynamic autonomy solution via our EAS to a wide variety of industrial uses. Our long-term vision is for EAS to become a universal autonomous driving solution with minimal marginal cost for companies to adopt new vehicles and expand their autonomous fleets across new deployments. We have already deployed DriveMod software on nine different vehicle form factors that range from stockchasers and stand-on floor scrubbers to 14-seat shuttles and 5-meter-long cargo vehicles demonstrating the extensibility of our AV building blocks. These deployments were prototypes or part of proof-of-concept projects. Of these deployments, two were at customer sites. For one deployment we were paid \$166,000 and the other was part of our normal R&D activities.

Our strategy upon establishing a customer relationship with an OEM, is to seek to embed our technology into their vehicle roadmap and expand our services to their many clients. Once we solidify an initial AV deployment with a customer, we intend to seek to expand within the site to additional vehicle platforms and/or expand the use of similar vehicles to other sites operated by the customer. This "land and expand" strategy can repeat iteratively across new vehicles and sites and is at the heart of why we believe industrial AVs that operate in geo-fenced, constrained environments are poised to create value.

Meanwhile, over \$16 billion has been invested into passenger AV development over the last several years with negligible revenues generated and constant delays. The \$200 billion annual industrial equipment market (projected by 2027) is substantial, but it does not justify billions of dollars of annual research & development spend. These leading passenger AV companies will need to take the approach of first capturing the trillion-dollar markets of passenger AV to achieve their desired returns.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates and Judgements

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. We continually evaluate our estimates and judgments. We base our estimates and judgments on historical experience and other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Materially different results can occur as circumstances change and additional information becomes known. Besides the estimates, whether or not deemed critical, affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, as well as disclosures of contingent liabilities. These estimates and judgments are also based on historical experience and other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Materially different results can occur as disclosures and other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Materially different results can occur and other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Materially different results can occur as disclosures and other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Materially different results can occur as circumstances change and additional information becomes known, even for estimates and judgments that are not deemed critical.

We believe the assumptions and estimates associated with the following have the greatest potential impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Warrants

The Company issued to its lead underwriter in the IPO, warrants to purchase up to 140,000 shares of its common stock. The Company accounts for warrants in accordance with ASC 480, *Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity*, depending on the specific terms of the warrant agreement. The Company determined the fair value of the warrants using the Black-Scholes pricing model and treated the valuation as equity instruments in consideration of the cashless settlement provisions in the warrant agreement.

The Company also applied the guidance in ASC 340-10-S99-1, *Other Assets and Deferred Costs*, that states specific incremental costs directly attributable to a proposed or actual offering of equity securities may properly be deferred and charged against the gross proceeds of the offering. The Company treated the valuation of the warrants as directly attributable to the issuance of an equity contract and accordingly, classified the warrants as additional paid-in capital.

Stock-based Compensation

The Company recognizes the cost of share-based awards granted to employees and directors based on the estimated grant-date fair value of the awards. Cost is recognized on a straight-line basis over the service period, which is generally the vesting period of the award. The Company recognizes stock-based compensation cost and reverses previously recognized costs for unvested awards in the period forfeitures occur. The Company determines the fair value of stock options using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, which is impacted by the fair value of common stock, expected price volatility of common stock, expected term, risk-free interest rates, and expected dividend yield.

Research and Development Expense

Research and development expense consist primarily of outsourced engineering services, internal engineering and development expenses, materials, labor and stock-based compensation related to development of the Company's products and services. Research and development costs are expensed as incurred.

General, and Administrative Expense

General, and administrative expense consist primarily of personnel costs, facilities expenses, depreciation and amortization, travel, and advertising costs.

Results of Operations

Revenue

The Company has not generated any revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

Research and Development

Research and development expense for the three months ended March 31, 2022 increased by \$0.7 million or 79.9% to \$1.7 million from \$1.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase is attributable to the increase in personnel engaged in the research and development of our AV technology in 2022 compared to headcount levels in 2021, external R&D contractors, allocated occupancy costs, and R&D chargeable travel-related costs. The Company plans to continue to restore the appropriate level of engineering and other personnel to support its research and development efforts and expects research and development costs to increase over time.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses increased by approximately \$1.5 million or 247.3% to \$2.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022 from \$0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase was attributed to the following factors: i) an increase in personnel related costs as the Company increased staff to support being a public company during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to the same three-month period ended March 31, 2021; ii) the increase in occupancy costs following the renewal of the lease that expanded the square footage of the leased area; iii) directors and officers insurance coverage taken by the Company and; iv) professional fees related to required compliance and regulatory filings following the Company becoming a public company after its IPO.

Other Income, net

Other income, net consists primarily of interest income earned on the Company's cash and cash equivalents, net of interest expense recognized on its PPP Notes.

For the three months ended March 31, 2022, other income, net increased by approximately \$1,800 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase is attributed to the increase in other income representing the present value interest recognized through March 31, 2022 on the adoption of lease accounting guidelines under ASC 842 on right-of-use assets and operating liabilities, compared to the interest expense recognized on the PPP Notes for the three months ended March 31, 2021. There were no subsequent interest expense recognized following the forgiveness by the SBA of the PPP Notes during the latter part of 2021.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's principal source of liquidity is its cash and cash equivalents. As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company had cash of approximately \$18.3 million and \$21.9 million, respectively. On October 22, 2021, the Company closed its IPO which resulted in net proceeds of approximately \$23.3 million after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and offering expenses.

The Company's liquidity is based on its ability to enhance its operating cash flow position, obtain capital financing from equity interest investors and borrow funds to fund its general operations, research and development activities and capital expenditures. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on management's ability to successfully execute its business plan, which includes increasing revenue while controlling operating costs and expenses to generate positive operating cash flows and obtaining funds from outside sources of financing to generate positive financing cash flows.

Based on cash flow projections from operating and financing activities and existing balance of cash and cash equivalents, management is of the opinion that the Company has sufficient funds for sustainable operations and it will be able to meet its payment obligations from operations and debt related commitments for at least one year from the issuance date of this report. Based on the above considerations, the Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities during the normal course of operations.



Cash Flows

Operating activities

Net cash used in operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was \$3.4 million, an increase of \$1.7 million or 98.7% compared to \$1.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase is primarily attributed to the level of increases in personnel costs and professional services related to the Company's research and development activities, as well as increases in general and administrative personnel-related costs and professional services as the Company increased staff to support being a public company, both of which led to the increase in the Company's net loss for the period.

Investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was approximately \$227,000, an increase of approximately \$225,000 compared to approximately \$2,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase consists of approximately \$227,000 in purchases of R&D-related hardware equipment.

Financing activities

Cash provided by financing activities of approximately \$89,000 represent proceeds from option exercises for the three months ended March 31, 2022, a decrease of \$0.8 million or 90.1% compared to \$0.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The decrease is primarily attributable to the absence of a comparable PPP Note during the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to the PPP Note proceeds received in February, 2021 that was subsequently forgiven by the SBA in November 2021. The Company expects to experience increases in proceeds from option exercises to supplement the public listing of its common stock shares in future periods.

Emerging Growth Company Status

We are an "emerging-growth company", as defined in the JOBS Act, and, for as long as we continue to be an emerging growth company, we may choose to take advantage of exemptions from various reporting requirements applicable to other public companies but not to emerging growth companies, including, but not limited to, not being required to have our independent registered public accounting firm audit our internal control over financial reporting under Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports and proxy statements and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved. As an emerging growth company we can also delay adopting new or revised accounting standards until such time as those standards apply to private companies. We intend to avail ourselves of these options. Once adopted, we must continue to report on that basis until we no longer qualify as an emerging growth company.

We will cease to be an emerging growth company upon the earliest of: (i) the end of the fiscal year following the fifth anniversary of the initial public offering; (ii) the first fiscal year after our annual gross revenue are \$1.07 billion or more; (iii) the date on which we have, during the previous three-year period, issued more than \$1.0 billion in non-convertible debt securities; or (iv) the end of any fiscal year in which the market value of our common stock held by non-affiliates exceeded \$700 million as of the end of the second quarter of that fiscal year. We cannot predict if investors will find our common stock less attractive if we choose to rely on these exemptions. If, as a result of our decision to reduce future disclosure, investors find our common shares less attractive, there may be a less active trading market for our common shares and the price of our common shares may be more volatile.

We are also a "smaller reporting company", meaning that the market value of our stock held by non-affiliates plus the aggregate amount of gross proceeds to us as a result of the IPO is less than \$700 million and our annual revenue was less than \$100 million during the most recently completed fiscal year. We may continue to be a smaller reporting company if either (i) the market value of our stock held by non-affiliates is less than \$250 million or (ii) our annual revenue was less than \$100 million. If we are a smaller reporting company at the time we cease to be an emerging growth company, we may continue to rely on exemptions from certain disclosure requirements that are available to smaller reporting companies. Specifically, as a smaller reporting company we may choose to present only the two most recent fiscal years of audited financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K and, similar to emerging growth companies, smaller reporting companies, smaller reporting companies have reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not required for smaller reporting companies.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, under the supervision and with the participation of our Principal Executive Officer (our Chief Executive Officer) and Principal Financial Officer (our Chief Financial Officer), has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2022. The term "disclosure controls and procedures," as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or person performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Management recognizes that any disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives, and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2022, that considered remediation efforts commenced by the Company as a result of the material weaknesses noted during the assessment of the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls over financial reporting as of and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of March 31, 2022, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are not currently a party to any material legal proceedings. From time to time, we may become involved in legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business. Regardless of outcome, litigation can have an adverse impact on us due to defense and settlement costs, diversion of management resources, negative publicity, reputational harm and other factors.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those in this Quarterly Report are any of the risks described in "Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors" in the Form 10-K. Any of these factors could result in a significant or material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition. Additional risk factors not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business or results of operations. As of the date of this Quarterly Report, there have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in the Form 10-K. We may disclose changes to such factors or disclose additional factors from time to time in our future filings with the SEC.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Recent Sale of Unregistered Equity Securities

On April 28, 2022 pursuant to a securities purchase agreement with several institutional and accredited investors pursuant to which we sold an aggregate of (i) 3,790,322 shares of common stock, (ii) pre-funded warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 2,661,291 shares of common stock, and (iii) warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 6,451,613 shares of common stock for gross proceeds to the Company of approximately \$20,000,000. The combined purchase price for one share of common stock and a warrant to purchase one share of common stock is \$3.10 and the combined purchase price for one pre-funded warrant to purchase one share of common stock is \$3.099.

We believe that the offers, sales, and issuances of the above securities were exempt from registration under the Securities Act by virtue of Section 4(a) (2) of the Securities Act or Regulation D promulgated thereunder as transactions by an issuer not involving any public offering.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit	
Number	Description
10.1	Engagement Letter dated April 27, 2022 incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on From 8-K filed with the
	<u>SEC on April 29, 2022.</u>
10.2	Form of Securities Purchase Agreement incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on From 8-K filed with the
	<u>SEC on April 29, 2022.</u>
10.3	Form of Warrant incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on From 8-K filed with the SEC on April 29,
	<u>2022.</u>
10.4	Form of Registration Rights Agreement incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Current Report on From 8-K filed with the
	<u>SEC on April 29, 2022.</u>
10.5	Form of Pre-Funded Warrant incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Current Report on From 8-K filed with the SEC on
	<u>April 29, 2022.</u>
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended.
31.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended.
32.1**	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(b) or 15d-14(b) of the Securities
	Exchange Act, as amended, and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

* Filed herewith.** Furnished herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized, on this 12th day of May, 2022.

CYNGN INC.

/s/ Lior Tal

Lior Tal Chief Executive Officer, Chairman of the Board of Directors and Director (Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Donald Alvarez

Donald Alvarez Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATIONS OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULES 13A-14 AND 15D-14 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Lior Tal, certify that:

- 1) I have reviewed this quarterly report of Cyngn Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared.
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this quarterly report any changes in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5) The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 12, 2022

/s/ Lior Tal

Lior Tal Chief Executive Officer, Chairman of the Board of Directors and Director (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATIONS OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULES 13A-14 AND 15D-14 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Donald Alvarez, certify that:

- 1) I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Cyngn Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared.
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this quarterly report any changes in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5) The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 12, 2022

/s/ Donald Alvarez

Donald Alvarez Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Cyngn Inc. ("Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ending March 31, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof ("Report"), the undersigned, in the capacities and on the date indicated below, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the knowledge of each of the undersigned:

- 1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 12, 2022

/s/ Lior Tal

Lior Tal Chief Executive Officer, Chairman of the Board of Directors and Director (Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Donald Alvarez

Donald Alvarez Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)